

# Emergo Europe

## **Anti-Gastrin** [Polyclonal]

Catalog No.	Description		
AR019-5R	6 ml of Ready-to-Use Antibody for use with BioGenex Super Sensitive <sup>TM</sup> Detection Systems OR equivalent detection system		
AR019-10R	10 ml of Ready-to-Use Antibody in a barcode labeled vial for use with BioGenex Super Sensitive <sup>TM</sup> Detection Systems and i6000 <sup>TM</sup> Automated Staining Systems		
PU019-UP	1 ml of Concentrated Antibody for use with BioGenex Super Sensitive <sup>TM</sup> Detection Systems OR equivalent detection system		
PU019-5UP	0.5 ml of Concentrated Antibody for use with BioGenex Super Sensitive <sup>TM</sup> Detection Systems OR equivalent detection system		
AW019-YCD	Ready-to-Use Antibody in Barcode labeled vial for use on the Xmatrx® Elite Staining System, 160 tests		
AW019-50D	Ready-to-Use Antibody in Barcode labeled vial for use on the Xmatrx® Elite Staining System, 50 tests		
AW019-4M	Ready-to-Use Antibody in Barcode labeled vial for use on the NanoVIP® Staining System, 50 tests		

Clone	Species	Ig Class
Polyclonal	Rabbit	N/A

#### **Intended Use**

For In Vitro Diagnostic Use. This antibody is designed for the specific localization of Gastrin in formalin-fixed, paraffinembedded (FFPE) tissue sections. Evaluation must be performed by a qualified pathologist.

## **Summary and Explanation**

The major source of Gastrin in the body is the antropyloric mucosa of the stomach. Significant increases in the antropyloric G-cell (gastrin producers) population occur in a wide variety of clinical conditions such as atrophic gastritis, pernicious anemia, gastric carcinoma, gastric outlet obstruction, Zollinger-Ellison syndrome, and duodenal ulcer disease. Neoplastic proliferations of the gastrin-producing cells are frequently associated with Zollinger-Ellison syndrome. Tumor cells in gastrinomas consistently demonstrate immunohistochemical reactivity with gastrin antibodies.

#### **Storage and Handling**

**Store at 2-8°C.** Fresh dilutions, if required, should be prepared prior to use and are stable and steady for up to one day at room temperature (20-26°C). Diluted antibody preparations can be refrigerated or frozen for extended shelf life.

## **Principles of the Procedure**

Antigen detection by immunohistochemistry (IHC) is a two-step process wherein the primary antibody binds to the antigen of interest and that binding is detected by a chromogen. The primary antibody may be used in IHC using manual techniques or BioGenex Automated Staining System. Positive and negative controls should always be run simultaneously with all patient specimens.

### **Reagents Provided**

Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody Gastrin is affinity purified and diluted in PBS, pH 7.2, containing 1% BSA and 0.09% sodium azide.

## **Dilution of Primary Antibody**

BioGenex Ready-to-Use antibodies have been optimized for use with the recommended BioGenex Detection System and should not require further dilution.

BioGenex concentrated antibodies must be diluted in accordance with the recommended protocol when used with the recommended BioGenex Detection System.

#### **Recommended Protocol**

Refer to the following table for conditions specifically recommended for this antibody. Refer to the BioGenex website for guidance on specific staining protocols or other requirements.

Parameter	BioGenex Recommendations	
Control Tissue	Stomach as available with Biogenex FB-019P* & FG-019P*	
Recommended Dilution for Concentrated Antibody	1:50-100 in HK156	
Recommended Pretreatment (Manual/i6000)**	EZ-AR2 (HK522-XAK)	
Recommended Pretreatment (Xmatrx & NanoVIP)	EZ-AR2 Elegance (HX032-YCD & HX046- 08XN)	
Antibody Incubation (Manual/i6000)	30-60 min at RT	
Antibody Incubation (Xmatrx & NanoVIP)	30-60 min at 25°C	
Detection System for Manual, Xmatrx, NanoVIP & i6000 systems***	Use BioGenex Two-Step <b>OR</b> One-Step Super Sensitive <sup>TM</sup> Polymer-HRP IHC Detection System/DAB; see p. 2 for more information	

<sup>\*</sup>FB: positive control micro chamber slides, FG: positive control microscopicslides. Xmatrx & NanoVIP requires micro chamber slides

<sup>\*\*</sup>Pretreatment times will vary based on individual microwave power.

Category	Antibodies	Revision No.	L
Document No.	932-019P-EN	Release Date	11-May-2022

Em

\*\*\*For automation systems (Xmatrx-Elite, NanoVIP & i6000 Diagnostics), refer to the factory protocols provided with the instrument.

Detection	Two-Step	One-Step	Link and
System	HRP Kit	HRP Kit	Label Kit
Manual	QD440-XAKEN (1000 Test) QD430-XAKEN (1000 Test)	QD630-XAKEN (1000 Test)	QP300- XAKE (1000 Test)
Manual	QD420-YIKEN (500 Test) QD400-60KEN (60 Test)	QD620-XAKEN (500 Test)	QP900- 9LE (500 Test)
Xmatrx - Automation	QD550-YCDEN (200 Test)	QD610-YADEN (200 Test)	N/A
NanoVIP-	QD551-YCDEN	QD611-YADEN	N/A
Automation	(100 Test)	(100 Test)	
i6000 - Automation	QD410-YAXEN (200 Test)	QD610-YAXEN (200 Test)	N/A
For more information, visit www.biogenex.com.			

#### **Precautions**

This product contains sodium azide at concentrations of less than 0.1%. Sodium azide is not classified as a hazardous chemical at the product concentrations, but proper handling protocols should be observed. For more information, a Safety Data Sheet (SDS) for sodium azide is available upon request. Dispose of unused reagents according to Local, State and Federal Regulations. Wear suitable Personal Protective Equipment, do not pipette reagents by mouth, and avoid contact of reagents and specimens with skin and mucous membranes. If reagents or specimens come in contact with sensitive area, wash with copious amounts of water.

## **Quality Control**

Refer to BioGenex detection system documents for guidance on general quality control procedures.

## **Troubleshooting**

Refer to the troubleshooting section in the documentation for BioGenex Detection Systems (or equivalent detection systems) for remedial actions on detection system related issues, or contact BioGenex Technical Support Department at 1-800-421-4149 or <a href="mailto:support@biogenex.com">support@biogenex.com</a> or your local distributor to report unusual staining.

#### **Expected Results**

This antibody stains cytoplasm in positive cells in formalin-fixed, paraffin embedded tissue sections. An example image of a tissue section stained with this antibody can be found on the product page on the BioGenex website. Interpretation of the staining result is solely the responsibility of the user. Experimental results should be confirmed by a medically-established diagnostic product or procedure.

#### **Limitations of the Procedure**

Improper tissue handling and processing prior to immunostaining can lead to inconsistent results. Variations in embedding and fixation or the nature of the tissue may lead to variations in results. Endogenous peroxidase activity or pseudo peroxidase activity in erythrocytes and tissue biotin may result in non-specific staining based on the detection system employed. Tissues containing Hepatitis B Surface Antigen (HBsAg) may give false positive with horseradish peroxidase systems. Improper counterstaining and mounting may compromise the interpretation of results.

## **Bibliography**

- Walsh, J.H., et al., N Eng J Med 292:1324-1332, 1377-1384 1968
- 2. Lomsky, R., et al., Nature 223:618-619, 1969.
- 3. Grieder, M.H., et al., Diabetes 20:389-396, 1971.
- 4. Azzopardi, J.G., et al., J. Pathol Bact 86:443-451, 1963.
- 5. Center for Disease Control. Decontamination of Laboratory Sink Drains to Remove Azide Salts. Center for Disease Control Manual Guide--Safety Management, No. CDC-22, Atlanta, Georgia. April 30, 1976.
- 6. Kiernan JA. Histological and Histochemical Methods: Theory and Practice. New York: Pergamon Press 1981.
- 7. Nadji M, Morales AR. Immunoperoxidase, part 1: the techniques and its pitfall. Lab Med 1983; 14:767-770.
- 8. Omata M, Liew CT, Ashcavai M, Peters Rl. Nonimmunologic binding of horseradish peroxidase to hepatitis B surface antigen. A possible source of error in immunohistochemistry. Am J Clin Pathol. May, 1980;73(5):626-632.
- 9. U.S. Congress. Clinical Laboratory Improvement Amendments of 1988: Final Rule, 57 FR 7163, February 28, 1992.
- 10. National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health, (NIOSH), Rockville, MD. Explosive azide hazard, Publication No. 78-127, 1976.

2°C 8°C	Temperature Limitation	IVD	In Vitro Diagnostic Medical
	Use By Date	LOT	Device Batch Code
NON STERILE	Non-Sterile	[]i	Consult Instructions for Use
EC REP	Representative in the European Community		Manufacturer

© 2020, BioGenex Laboratories. All rights reserved.

Category	Antibodies	Revision No.	L
Document No.	932-019P-EN	Release Date	11-May-2022